

Signs of Infection and Sepsis at Home

Common infections can sometimes lead to sepsis. It's important to know the signs and symptoms and act fast if you suspect sepsis.

SIGNS & SYMPTOMS

- My heartbeat and breathing feel normal to me.
- I have not had a fever in the past 24 hours, and I am not taking medicine for a fever.
- I do not have chills or feel cold.
- My energy level is normal.
- I can think clearly.
- I feel well.
- I have taken my antibiotics as prescribed.
- I have a wound or IV site and it is not painful, red, draining pus or smelling bad.
- My heartbeat feels faster than normal.
- My breathing is a bit more difficult and faster than usual.
- I'm coughing.
- I have a fever between 100°F and 101.4°F.
- I feel chilled and cannot get warm. I am shivering, or my teeth are chattering.
- I am too tired to do most of my usual activities.
- I do not feel well.
- My thinking is slow my head is "fuzzy."
- I have a bad cough.
- I am not urinating as much as usual or when I do urinate, it burns, is cloudy or smells bad.
- My wound or IV site has changed.
- My heartbeat or breathing is very fast.
- My temperature is greater than 101.5°F.
- My temperature is less than 96.8°F.
- My skin and fingernails are pale or blue.
- I feel sick, very tired, weak and achy.
- People say I am not making sense.
- My cough is much worse.
- I have not urinated for five hours or more.
- My wound or IV site has changed it is now painful, red, draining pus or smelling bad.

ACTION STEPS

No need for concern, as I am healing normally.

- Watch every day for signs of infection (see back).
- Continue to take my medications as ordered, especially if I'm recovering from an infection or illness.
- Keep my doctor and other appointments.
- Follow instructions if I'm caring for a wound or IV site.
- Wash my hands and avoid anyone who is ill.

I should pay close attention to my signs and symptoms.

- Contact my doctor or current healthcare professional (i.e., home health nurse, hospice nurse), especially if I have been recently ill or had surgery.
- Ask if I might have an infection or sepsis.

I need to go to the Emergency Department for evaluation.

- Act fast Sepsis is serious! Seek medical care.
- Ask to be evaluated immediately because you are concerned about sepsis.



Know Sepsis



Sepsis is the 3rd leading cause of death in the U.S. after heart disease and cancer, killing more than 270,000 people each year.

Sepsis is a medical emergency which should be treated quickly to reduce the risk of death.

As many as 80% of sepsis deaths could be prevented with rapid recognition and treatment.

Symptom Acronyms

SEPSIS

- **S** Shivering, fever or very cold
- E Extreme pain or discomfort
- P Pale or discolored skin
- **S** Sleepy, difficult to rouse or confused
- I "I feel like I might die"
- S Short of breath

Infection Prevention = Sepsis Prevention

- Practice hand hygiene.
- Practice proper wound care.
- Get recommended vaccines (e.g. flu & pneumonia).
- Take care of chronic conditions (e.g. diabetes, heart disease).
- Know the symptoms of sepsis, and ACT FAST by seeking medical care if an infection is not getting better with treatment.

Visit nghs.com/sepsis for more information.

